

SOAR ABOVE & BEYOND

Challenges and Opportunities of Urban Agriculture: A Case of Small and Minority Immigrant Producers in Maryland

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Outline

- Background
- Goal of the UMES Urban Gardening Project
- Aim of the Presentation
- Urban Gardening Farmers' Characteristics
- Field Activities
 - Needs Assessment for Data Driven Planning
 - Need-based Interventions
 - Post Project Impact Evaluation
- Summary and Conclusions

Background

- Small farmers are the backbones of the U.S. agriculture.
- Urban gardeners are among the small, sociallydisadvantaged, minority (SSDM) farmers.
- Aim of urban gardening (UG) is to increase production & consumption of fresh produce.
- These UG farmers are daunted with ever-increasing challenges.
- Less attention from academia, extension, & policy framework.

Goal of the Urban Gardening (UG) Project

- University of Maryland Eastern Shore Extension (UMES Extension) initiated an Urban Gardening Project in Greater Baltimore Area in 2021.
- The goal is: to increase the production efficiency of small, socially disadvantaged, and minority UG producers.
- The participating UG farmers were Asian immigrants, who were out of reach of any Extension program of the government.

Aim of the Study

- To examine the scope, challenges, and opportunities of Urban Gardening farmers.
- Specifically focuses on field extension activities employed by this UG project:
 - Data driven planning
 - Need-based interventions, and
 - Post project impact evaluation.

Study Approach

- An exploratory case study of UG farmers conducted in 2021.
- 14 UG Urban Gardening Asian American farmers recruited from Greater Baltimore Area.
- Number increased to 22 during the project period.

The Field Activities



A. Data Driven Planning

- Needs assessment: A semi-structured survey administered.
- Consisted of several Likert-scale items to asses needs, problems/challenges and opportunities



B. Need-based Interventions

- i. Educational/capacity enhancing interventions
- ii. Support services



<u>C. Evaluation of Project Outcomes</u>

- A post-project evaluation survey administered.
- Perceived impacts of the interventions measured by asking several Likertscale items.

Urban Gardening Farmers: Background Information

Farmers' Characteristics

Farmers by Gender (%)



Farmers by Age Group (%) Over 60 7 51-59 36 45-50 7 35-44 36 26-34 14

Farmers' Characteristics...



Farmers' Characteristics...



Farmers' Characteristics...



Field Activities

A. Data Driven Planning: Needs Assessment Survey Results

Problems Prioritization (Index Value)



B. Need-based Interventions

B. Need-based Interventions

i. | Educational interventions In-house training **Peer-to-expert** interactions **Peer-to-peer** interactions Interactive field workshop **Farm visits**

ii. Risk mitigating activities **Rainwater harvesting Compost making Risk diversification Crop diversification** Mixed cropping **Tier production** system **Market connection**

i. Need-based Educational Interventions



In-house Training



Farmers-Expert Interactions



Peer-to-Peer Interactions

ii. Risk Mitigating Support Services

Farmers' Report of Token Input Supports Received (%)



iii. Lowering Cost of Production









Compost

iii. Risk Mitigating Practices...



Farmers reported 50 different specialty & ethnic crops grown in their fields.



Crop Diversification

Number of crops cultivated by the project farmers (n=16).



Crop diversity - farmers reporting number of crops grown (%), (n=16).



Below 10 10 to 19 20 to 29 30 and above

iii. Risk Mitigating Practices...



Mixed Cropping

iii. Risk Mitigating Practices...



Vertical/Two-Tier Production (Use of Scarce Land

iv. Use of Scarce Land Resource



Use of Scarce Land Resource

v. Risk Mitigating Practices: Market Connection



Farmers Connected to Street Festival -Selling of Surplus Produce



C. Post Project Impact Evaluation Results

Training to enhance KNOWLEDGE about agricultural production (%)

> 41 55

Extremely usefulModerately useful

Training to enhance SKILLS about agricultural production (%)



Peer-to-peer interaction to enhance KNOWLEDGE about agricultural production (%)



- Extremely useful Very useful
- Moderately useful

Peer-to-peer interaction to enhance SKILLS about agricultural production (%)



Farm planning & budgeting (%)

Making use of limited & scarce resources (%)







41

50

Not at all useful0Slightly useful0Moderately useful• 9Very useful• 10Extremely useful• 10

To sell produce in the local market (%)



To mitigate production, marketing, and financial risks (%)



To bring positive changes in reducing cost of production (%)

76 24 Extremely useful Very useful For farm revenue maximization (%)



To increase household income (%)



Urban gardening farmers benefited technically and socio-economically through market linkage - reported a total of **\$14,476** through direct and indirect sales of their vegetables during the summer and fall.



Summary & Conclusion

- Urban gardening farmers face various challenges such as:
 - a lack of resources including the access to land and inputs
 - a lack of knowledge and skills in gardening and risk mitigation
 - a lack of capacity building support
 - a lack of market access
- However, the field activities practiced were able to lower production, marketing, and financial risks through data driven planning and need-based interventions.

Summary & Conclusion...

- 90% of the participating farmers reported a 20% increase in fresh vegetables intake.
- Resulted in direct economic benefit of ~\$14,476 through market access (sales).
- Participating farmers reported increased knowledge & skills
- Indirect benefits through: good soil health, reduction in GHG emission, health benefits, and changed behavior/attitude, knowledge & skills of children
- There are ways to change challenges into opportunities.

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