In 2-3 sentences, briefly describe the issue or problem that your project addresses.

Fruit farms and vineyards contribute to the local economy and food security, and maintain open space which supports scenic vistas, rural character, environmental conservation, and biodiversity. To remain a vital part of the Massachusetts landscape and economy, both new and established fruit growers must learn to produce crops sustainably and to adapt production systems to changing climate, invasive pests, and new market opportunities. Delivering appropriate research-based information on new and alternative fruit species and varieties, advanced horticultural management techniques, marketing and business management strategies, and Integrated Pest Management (IPM), are the mission of the UMass Extension Fruit team. Research on pest ecology and best management practices informs approaches that optimize pest control, reduce chemical use, and increase fruit quality and productivity.

Briefly describe in non-technical terms how your major activities helped you achieve, or make significant progress toward, the goals and objectives described in your non-technical summary.

- Integrated Pest Management - the fruit team delivers current IPM information and training via publications, newsletters, twilight meetings, educational programs, and other outputs to promote IPM. Specifically, one-on-one assistance to growers and on-farm demonstrations and applied research are integral to achieving further IPM adoption.
- Economically Viable Food Production - the fruit team helps growers achieve more economically viable production practices by presenting research-based information on new production practices, new crops or varieties, season extension practices, etc. via publications, newsletters, twilight meetings, educational programs, and other outputs.
- Environmentally Sustainable Food Production - the fruit program delivers information and training in environmentally sustainable production practices (beyond IPM) via publications, newsletters, twilight meetings, educational programs, and other outputs.
- Student Engagement and Education - the fruit program provided training on applied research and Extension to nine undergraduate students (three of them attend community colleges in Western Massachusetts). This internship trains the next generation of young experts committed to helping farmers and others maintain sustainable models of production. By bringing together a multidisciplinary team of researchers and professionals from UMass Extension, the internship trains students in technology-enhanced agricultural sciences.
- In various MA orchards, we received reports of injury to the base of trees. Upon observation, there were darkened cambial areas under the bark and uncommon instances of insect frass and lepidopteran pupal casings. We conducted assessments in 7 blocks in 3 commercial orchards and recorded the information. Insect damage doesn’t seem to be the main culprit of tree bark cracking and damaged vascular tissue. Wood-boring insects may be responding to plant volatiles emitted by already damaged and/or stressed trees. Winter injury exacerbated by climate change is most likely the main cause.
- Japanese beetle activity was moderate in 2023. Some feeding damage observed on Honeycrisp in 3-4 orchards. Research involving mass trapping was conducted in grape and blueberry blocks at the UMass Cold Spring Orchard (CSO) in Belchertown, Ma. A single mass trapping system provided effective control of Japanese beetles in blueberry, but multiple perimeter traps were required to avoid beetle resurgence on grapes. Mass trapping may offer berry growers in MA a new tool to combat the Japanese beetle under low or no insecticide...
Briefly describe how your target audience benefited from your project’s activities.

The primary target audience for this project is represented by hundreds of fruit farmers located in Massachusetts and neighboring states. We generate research-based information that will help fruit growers, including under-represented, low-income farmers, and beginning farmers, to improve management of important pests (insect, disease, weed) that threaten fruit production. The Massachusetts Fruit Growers' Association is an industry partner that provides advisory guidance on issues that affect the fruit industry and how our research and Extension activity will be the most beneficial to their livelihood. Through collaborative efforts with grower associations, researchers, Extension specialists and our host farms, we can most effectively deliver our programming. Through our on-farm demonstrations and applied research and Extension projects, our ECOstacking message is reaching out to the broader public. Customers, students, and the public are learning that on-farm biodiversity is key to sustainable fruit farming.

From 2019 to 2021, apple growers who participated in IPM research concerning apple maggot fly management reduced their insecticide use between 75% and 82%.

The implementation of the odor-baited trap-tree approach for plum curculio control can lead to 70% reduction of insecticide compared with post-petal-fall perimeter-row sprays and 93% reduction of insecticide compared with standard full-block sprays.

Briefly describe how the broader public benefited from your project's activities.

Increasing fruit farm productivity, fruit quality, and food safety clearly benefit the broader public by making Massachusetts fruit farm sustainable. Both farmers and consumers benefit from IPM implementation by (a) improving crop yield and quality with less pesticide residues, (b) reducing potential human health risks from pests and related pest management practices, and (c) minimizing adverse environmental effects from pests and excessive pesticide use.

Comments (optional)

Continued need to solicit funding to maintain adequate staffing and materials/supplies/travel to achieve our mission takes time and resources.

On-farm Demonstrations (12)

to one consultations (350)

Farm visits 100+ (estimated)


New England Tree Fruit Management Guide website, netreefruit.org: 13,918 Page Views; 454

Twilight/grower meetings during the growing season, seven total, circa. 350 total attendees

Open Office Hour during timely growing season management considerations, Tuesday's at noon, April-May-June via Zoom, app. 25 attendees per meeting (11 meetings)

Apple maturity reports Tuesday's at noon beginning August 23 and continuing weekly through October 10. Via Zoom. (20-25 attendees per Zoom meeting)


